## KEY MESSAGES: Mental health and substance use impacts of COVID-19 HEALTHCARE WORKERS



## THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC IS IMPACTING THE MENTAL HEALTH OF WOMEN IN HEALTH CARE

Women in health care, particularly those that are younger, mid-career, single, and women who are caregivers to young children are experiencing increased stress and burnout as a result of COVID-19 and related public health measures.



## THERE IS LIMITED INFORMATION REGARDING INTERVENTIONS TO SUPPORT THE WELLBEING OF WOMEN HEALTHCARE WORKERS DURING A PANDEMIC

Organization-led activities for stress reduction are poorly utilized. Women healthcare workers may prefer self-coping strategies such as rest, exercise, and practices such as yoga and meditation, but there is limited evidence to support the efficacy of these practices.

Regular exercise is a protective factor for depression and anxiety.

THERE IS AN URGENT NEED FOR RESEARCH STUDIES TO IDENTIFY STRATEGIES THAT WOMEN HEALTHCARE WORKERS CAN USE TO EFFECTIVELY MANAGE THEIR MENTAL HEALTH.

**Learn more at** https://cihr-irsc.gc.ca/e/52001.html